

Last updated: 26 April 2021

	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Japan</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Signed: 3 December 2008 Ratified: 14 July 2009 Entered into force: 1 August 2010</p>	
<p><b>Article 3 - Stockpile destruction and retention</b></p> <p>Completed destruction of its cluster munition stockpiles in February 2015</p>		
<p><b>Article 4 - Clearance and risk reduction education</b></p> <p>Does not have any contamination in areas under its jurisdiction or control</p>		
<p><b>Article 5 - Victim assistance</b></p> <p>Does not have cluster munition victims</p>		
<p><b>Article 6 - International cooperation and assistance</b></p> <p>Provided financial assistance in 2020 for mine action programmes to: Afghanistan, Angola, Armenia, Cambodia, Cameroon, Chad, Iraq, Lao PDR, Lebanon, Nigeria, Palau, State of Palestine, Somalia, South Sudan, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Syria, Togo, Ukraine, Vietnam, and Zimbabwe</p>		
<p><b>Article 7 - Transparency measures</b></p> <p>Initial transparency report submitted on 27 January 2011</p> <p>Annual reports submitted covering: 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, and 2020</p>		
<p><b>Article 9 - National implementation measures</b></p> <p>Enacted <a href="#">Act on the Prohibition of the Production and the Restriction of the Possession of Cluster Munitions (Act No. 85 of Heisei 21)</a> that includes penal sanctions as required by the CCM</p>		
<p><b>Focal point contact details</b></p> <p><u>Capital</u> Ministry of Foreign Affairs: <a href="mailto:guntsu@mofa.go.jp">guntsu@mofa.go.jp</a></p>	<p><b>Focal point contact details</b></p> <p><u>Geneva</u> Col. Jun Yamada: <a href="mailto:jun.yamada-2@mofa.go.jp">jun.yamada-2@mofa.go.jp</a></p>	